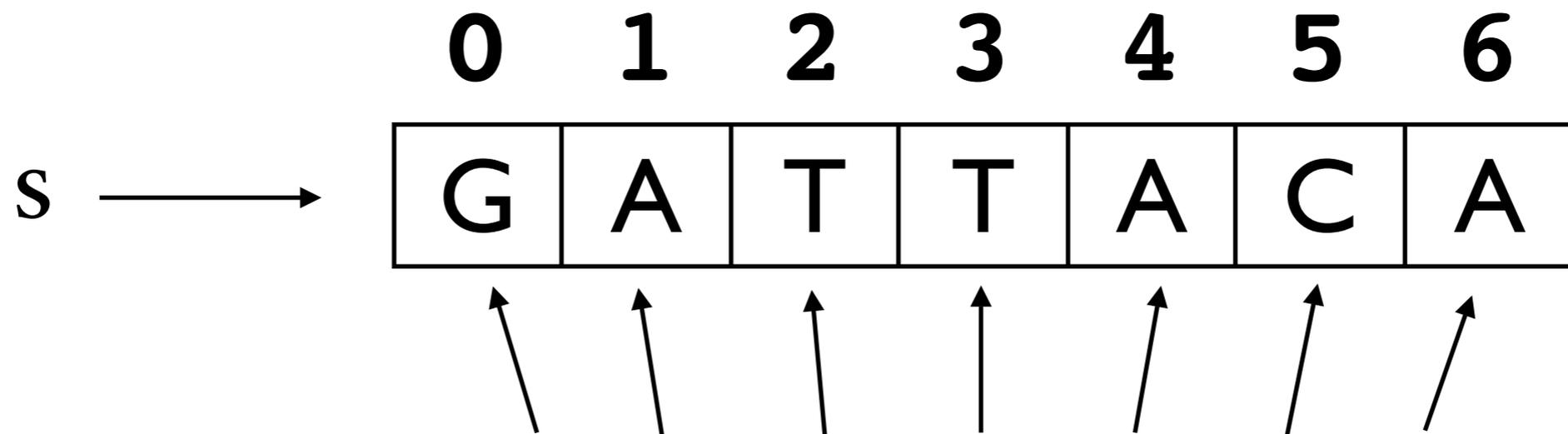


# Strings in Python

# Computers store text as strings

```
>>> s = "GATTACA"
```



Each of these are characters

# Why are strings important?

- Sequences are strings
  - `..catgaaggaa ccacagccca gagcaccaag ggctatccat..`
- Database records contain strings
  - `LOCUS AC005138`
  - `DEFINITION Homo sapiens chromosome 17, clone hRPK.261_A_13, complete sequence`
  - `AUTHORS Birren,B., Fasman,K., Linton,L., Nusbaum,C. and Lander,E.`
- HTML is one (big) string

# Getting Characters

```
>>> s = "GATTACA"
```

```
>>> s[0]
```

```
'G'
```

```
>>> s[1]
```

```
'A'
```

```
>>> s[-1]
```

```
'A'
```

```
>>> s[-2]
```

```
'C'
```

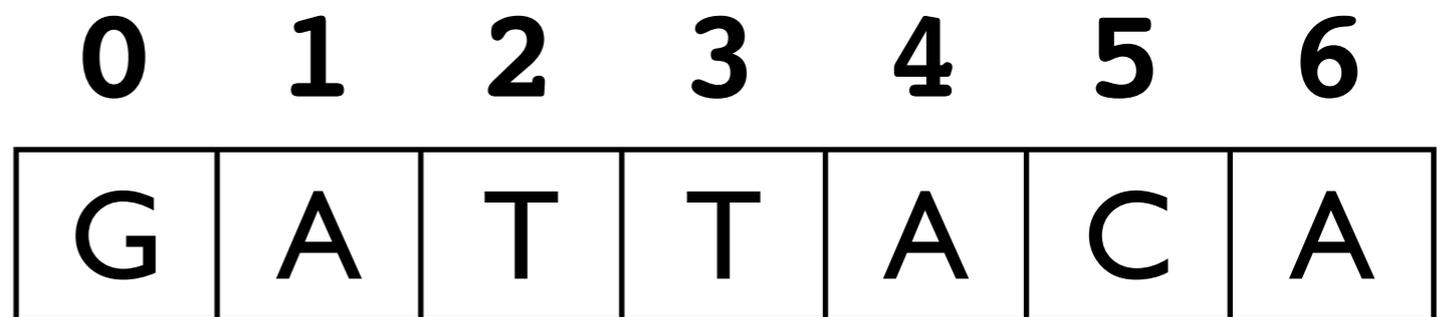
```
>>> s[7]
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

```
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in ?
```

```
IndexError: string index out of range
```

```
>>>
```



# Getting substrings

```
>>> s[1:3]
```

```
'AT'
```

```
>>> s[:3]
```

```
'GAT'
```

```
>>> s[4:]
```

```
'ACA'
```

```
>>> s[3:5]
```

```
'TA'
```

```
>>> s[:]
```

```
'GATTACA'
```

```
>>> s[::2]
```

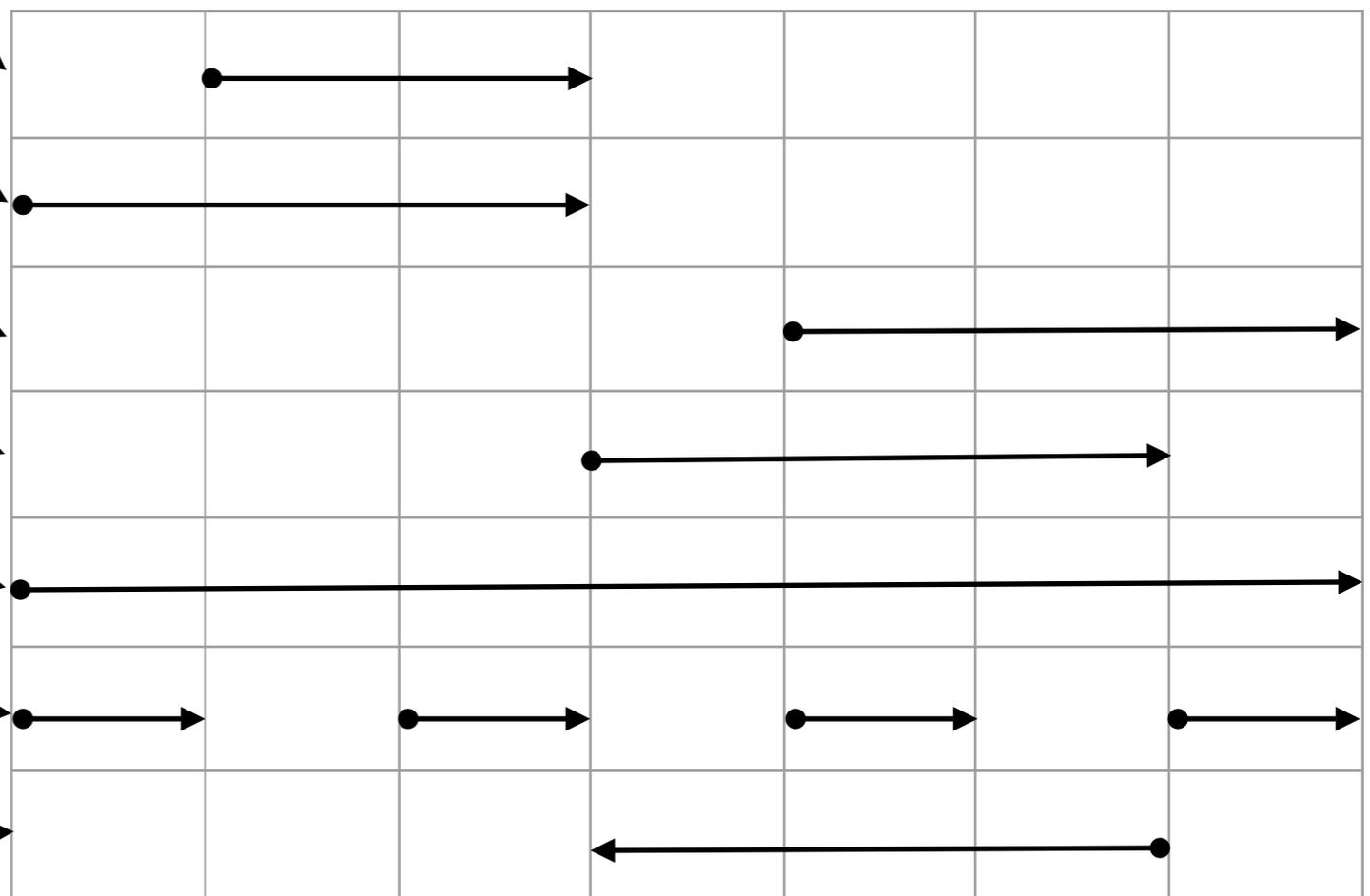
```
'GTAA'
```

```
>>> s[-2:2:-1]
```

```
'CAT'
```

```
>>>
```

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
G	A	T	T	A	C	A



# Creating strings

Strings start and end with a single or double quote characters (they must be the same)

```
"This is a string"
```

```
"This is another string"
```

```
""
```

```
"Strings can be in double quotes"
```

```
'Or in single quotes.'
```

```
'There's no difference.'
```

```
'Okay, there\'s a small one.'
```

# Special Characters and Escape Sequences

Backslashes (\) are used to introduce special characters

```
>>> s = 'Okay, there\'s a small one.'
```



The \ “escapes” the following single quote

```
>>> print s  
Okay, there's a small one.
```

# Some special characters

Escape Sequence	Meaning
<code>\\</code>	Backslash (keep a <code>\</code> )
<code>\'</code>	Single quote (keeps the <code>'</code> )
<code>\"</code>	Double quote (keeps the <code>"</code> )
<code>\n</code>	Newline
<code>\t</code>	Tab

# Working with strings

```
>>> len("GATTACA")
```

```
7
```

```
>>> "GAT" + "TACA"
```

```
'GATTACA'
```

```
>>> "A" * 10
```

```
'AAAAAAAAAA'
```

```
>>> "G" in "GATTACA"
```

```
True
```

```
>>> "GAT" in "GATTACA"
```

```
True
```

```
>>> "AGT" in "GATTACA"
```

```
False
```

```
>>> "GATTACA".find("ATT")
```

```
1
```

```
>>> "GATTACA".count("T")
```

```
2
```

```
>>>
```

length

concatenation

repeat

substring test

substring location

substring count

# Converting from/to strings

```
>>> "38" + 5
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in ?
TypeError: cannot concatenate 'str' and 'int' objects
>>> int("38") + 5
43
>>> "38" + str(5)
'385'
>>> int("38"), str(5)
(38, '5')
>>> int("2.71828")
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in ?
ValueError: invalid literal for int(): 2.71828
>>> float("2.71828")
2.71828
>>>
```

# Change a string?

Strings cannot be modified

They are immutable

Instead, create a new one

```
>>> s = "GATTACA"
```

```
>>> s[3] = "C"
```

```
Traceback (most recent call last):
```

```
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in ?
```

```
TypeError: object doesn't support item assignment
```

```
>>> s = s[:3] + "C" + s[4:]
```

```
>>> s
```

```
'GATCACA'
```

```
>>>
```

# Some more methods

```
>>> "GATTACA".lower()
'gattaca'
>>> "gattaca".upper()
'GATTACA'
>>> "GATTACA".replace("G", "U")
'UATTACA'
>>> "GATTACA".replace("C", "U")
'GATTAUA'
>>> "GATTACA".replace("AT", "**")
'G**TACA'
>>> "GATTACA".startswith("G")
True
>>> "GATTACA".startswith("g")
False
>>>
```

# Ask for a string

The Python function “raw\_input” asks the user (that’s you!) for a string

```
>>> seq = raw_input("Enter a DNA sequence: ")
Enter a DNA sequence: ATGTATTGCATATCGT
>>> seq.count("A")
4
>>> print "There are", seq.count("T"), "thymines"
There are 7 thymines
>>> "ATA" in seq
True
>>> substr = raw_input("Enter a subsequence to find:
")
Enter a subsequence to find: GCA
>>> substr in seq
True
>>>
```

# Assignment 1

Ask the user for a sequence then  
print its length

```
Enter a sequence: ATTAC  
It is 5 bases long
```

# Assignment 2

Modify the program so it also prints  
the number of A, T, C, and G  
characters in the sequence

```
Enter a sequence: ATTAC  
It is 5 bases long  
adenine: 2  
thymine: 2  
cytosine: 1  
guanine: 0
```

# Assignment 3

Modify the program to allow both lower-case and upper-case characters in the sequence

```
Enter a sequence: ATTgtc
It is 6 bases long
adenine: 1
thymine: 3
cytosine: 1
guanine: 1
```

# Assignment 4

Modify the program to print the number of unknown characters in the sequence

```
Enter a sequence: ATTU*gtc
It is 8 bases long
adenine: 1
thymine: 3
cytosine: 1
guanine: 1
unknown: 2
```